

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Consumer use | | | | |
| | Uses advised against | | | |
| None | | | | |

Product use : Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Akzo Nobel Decorative Paints France

Département : Levis Z.I. "Les Bas Prés" C.S. 70113

60761 Montataire Cedex

France

N° Téléphone : 03.44.64.91.00 N° Télécopie : 03.44.64.91.90 www.levispeintures.com

e-mail address of person

: fds.fr@akzonobel.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number: Numéro ORFILA (INRS): + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 1/18 AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage: P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains isobutyl methacrylate and octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic

reaction.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 2/18 AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.3 Other hazards

Type

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|---|--|-----------|--|---|---------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: n/a Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≥15 - ≤20 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0 | ≥10 - ≤15 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| titanium dioxide | REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 | ≤10 | Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) | - | [1] [*] |
| isobutyl methacrylate | REACH #: 01-2119488331-38 EC: 202-613-0 CAS: 97-86-9 Index: 607-113-00-X | ≤0.3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | - | [1] |
| 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5 | <0.001 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 | ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100 | [1] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-20243/18AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse

for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 4/18 AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

AkzoNobel Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 5/18

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Ensure spraying away from persons. Avoid inhalation of vapor, spray or mist. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-20246/18

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, | DNEL | Long term | 0.41 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | | Inhalation | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 1.9 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | | | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 178.57 mg/ | | Local |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | population | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 640 mg/m ³ | General | Local |
| | | Inhalation | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 837.5 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1066.67 | Workers | Local |
| | | Inhalation | mg/m³ | | _ |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1152 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | m³ | population | |
| | DNEL | Short term | 1286.4 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DATE | Inhalation | m³ | \A/ I | 0 1 . |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | 150 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNIEL | Inhalation | 20 / 3 | Camanal | Cuatamia |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg | population General | Systemic |
| | DINEL | Long term Dermai | i i ilig/kg | population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | DINLL | Long term Oral | i i ilig/kg | population | Systemic |
| titanium dioxide | DNEL | Long term | 28 µg/m³ | General | Local |
| titaliani dioxido | DIVLE | Inhalation | 20 μg/111 | population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term | 170 µg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | D. 122 | Inhalation | 110 ду, | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Local |
| isobutyl methacrylate | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| , , | | 3 | bw/day | population | , |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 5 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | bw/day | | |
| | DNEL | Long term | 66.5 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | | population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term | 366.4 mg/ | General | Local |
| | | | | | |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2 Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 7/18

AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

| SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term | m³ 409 mg/m³ | population | Local |
| | DIVLE | Inhalation | 409 1119/111 | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 415.9 mg/ m³ | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| propane-1,2-diol | Fresh water | 260 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 26 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 20000 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 572 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water sediment Soil | 57.2 mg/l 50 mg/l | - |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-20248/18AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
Melting point/freezing point : Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

Flammability

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrotreated heavy)

Flash point : Closed cup: 40°C (104°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|---|------------|------------|--------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878 | |

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

pH : Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 1183 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C): 201 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| cold water | Not soluble [OECD (TG 105)] |

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-20249/18AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure

| | Vapor Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapor pressure at 50°C | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------|-----|--------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | | 0.1 to 0.3 | | | | |

: 1.348 Relative density

Vapor density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10

μm

: 0

9.2 Other information

Minimum ignition energy (mJ) : Not available. **Fundamental burning velocity** : Not applicable. SADT : Not available. Heat of combustion : Not available.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Acute toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version :2 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 10/18

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| isobutyl methacrylate | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse Mouse | 1340 mg/kg 11990 mg/kg | - |
| 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 690 mg/kg 550 mg/kg | - - - |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | 125 | 311 | N/A | N/A | 0.27 |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| isobutyl methacrylate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-202411/18AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 12/18 AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia | 48 hours |
| | | dubia - Neonate | |
| | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | Acute EC10 0.000224 mg/l | Algae - Navicula peliculosa | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l | Algae - Desmodesmus | 72 hours |
| | _ | subspicatus | |
| | Acute EC50 0.00129 mg/l | Algae - Navicula peliculosa | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.42 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 180 ppb Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 320 ppb Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 154 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Notemigonus crysoleucas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 50 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 65.5 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 140 ppb Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 35 days |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|------------|------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | - | 10 to 2500 | high |
| isobutyl methacrylate 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one | 2.95 2.45 | | low low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

coemcient (Roc)

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Mobility

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 16-4-2025Version: 2Date of previous issue: 28-1-202413/18AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities

with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|---------------|---|
| EWC 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from

the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned

thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | IMDG |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 14/18 AkzoNobel

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

| SECTION 14: Transport information | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: Not available.

: Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Industrial emissions

: Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Fire point

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

AkzoNobel Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 15/18

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category |
|----------|
| P5c |

National regulations

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|-------------------------|-----------|---|----------------|-------|
| | • | titane (dioxyde de) en Ti; dioxyde de titane | Carc. C2 | - |

Biocidal products regulation

Active substances

Ingredient name

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate

bronopol

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

CMIT/MIT(3:1)

2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

ethylene oxide

Social Security Code,

: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,

Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 cyclics, <2% aromatics

Reinforced medical

surveillance

: Decree n ° 2012-135 of January 30, 2012 relating to the organization of

RG 84

occupational medicine: not applicable

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 16/18

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
|--------|---|
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| | |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
|-------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Skin Corr. 1 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - |
| | Category 3 |

Date of printing : 16-4-2025

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 16-4-2025 | Version : 2 | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Date of previous issue | : 28-1-2024 | 17/18 | AkzoNobel |

SAPTOFIX BASE WHITE

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue/ Date of

: 16-4-2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024

Version : 2

Unique ID : DA7DF488320C1EEEAF86D2CC06A7818E

Notice to reader

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 16-4-2025 Version : 2

Date of previous issue : 28-1-2024 18/18 AkzoNobel